

FICO & LTV MATRIX

	Owner-Occupied									
	Credit Score	24-month Bank Statement			12-month Bank Statement			Asset Utilization		
Loan Amount		Purchase	Rate & Term	Cash-Out	Purchase	Rate & Term	Cash-Out	Purchase	Rate & Term	Cash-Out
	740	90%	85%	80%	90%	85%	80%	90%	85%	80%
ć100 000	720	90%	85%	80%	90%	85%	80%	90%	85%	80%
\$100,000 – \$1,000,000	700	85%	85%	80%	85%	85%	80%	85%	85%	80%
\$1,000,000	680	80%	80%	75%	80%	80%	75%	80%	80%	75%
	660	80%	80%	70%	80%	80%	70%	80%	80%	70%
	740	90%	85%	80%	90%	85%	80%	90%	85%	80%
44 000 004	720	90%	85%	80%	90%	85%	80%	90%	85%	80%
\$1,000,001 -	700	85%	85%	80%	85%	85%	80%	85%	85%	80%
\$1,500,000	680	80%	80%	75%	80%	80%	75%	80%	80%	75%
	660	80%	80%	70%	80%	80%	70%	80%	80%	70%
	740	80%	80%	75%	80%	80%	75%	80%	80%	75%
	720	80%	80%	75%	80%	80%	75%	80%	80%	75%
\$1,500,001 -	700	80%	80%	75%	80%	80%	75%	80%	80%	75%
\$2,000,000	680	80%	75%	70%	80%	75%	70%	80%	75%	70%
	660	75%	70%	70%	75%	70%	70%	75%	70%	70%
	740	80%	80%	70%	80%	80%	70%	80%	80%	70%
	720	80%	80%	70%	80%	80%	70%	80%	80%	70%
\$2,000,001 -	700	75%	75%	65%	75%	75%	65%	75%	75%	65%
\$2,500,000	680	70%	70%	65%	70%	70%	65%	70%	70%	65%
	660	70%	70%	65%	70%	70%	65%	70%	70%	65%
	740	75%	75%	65%	75%	75%	65%	75%	75%	65%
	720	75%	75%	65%	75%	75%	65%	75%	75%	65%
\$2,500,001 -	700	70%	70%	65%	70%	70%	65%	70%	70%	65%
\$3,000,000	680	65%	65%	65%	65%	65%	65%	65%	65%	65%
	660	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	740	75%	75%	65%	75%	75%	65%	75%	75%	65%
40 000 001	720	75%	75%	65%	70%	70%	65%	70%	70%	65%
\$3,000,001 -	700	70%	70%	60%	65%	65%	60%	65%	65%	60%
\$3,500,000	680	65%	65%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	660	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

- Second Home: \$2.5MM Max Loan Amount; Purchase/Rate & Term 75% Max LTV; Cash-Out 70% Max LTV
- **1099 Only:** Follows Bank Statements
- P&L and WVOE: Follows Bank Statements except Max 80% LTV



FICO & LTV MATRIX

	Non Owner-Occupied									
Loan Amount	Credit Score	24-month Bank Statement			12-month Bank Statement			Asset Utilization		
		Purchase	Rate & Term	Cash-Out	Purchase	Rate & Term	Cash-Out	Purchase	Rate & Term	Cash-Out
	740	80%	80%	75%	80%	80%	75%	80%	80%	75%
6400.000	720	80%	80%	75%	80%	80%	75%	80%	80%	75%
\$100,000-	700	80%	80%	75%	80%	80%	75%	80%	80%	75%
<\$1,000,000	680	80%	80%	75%	80%	80%	75%	80%	80%	75%
	660	80%	75%	70%	80%	75%	70%	80%	75%	70%
	740	80%	80%	75%	80%	80%	75%	80%	80%	75%
4	720	80%	80%	75%	80%	80%	75%	80%	80%	75%
\$1,000,001-	700	80%	80%	75%	80%	80%	75%	80%	80%	75%
\$1,500,000	680	75%	75%	70%	75%	75%	70%	75%	75%	70%
	660	70%	70%	65%	70%	70%	65%	70%	70%	65%
	740	80%	80%	75%	80%	80%	75%	80%	80%	75%
	720	80%	80%	75%	80%	80%	75%	80%	80%	75%
\$1,500,001-	700	80%	80%	75%	80%	80%	75%	80%	80%	75%
<\$2,000,000	680	75%	75%	70%	75%	75%	70%	75%	75%	70%
	660	70%	70%	65%	70%	70%	65%	70%	70%	65%
	740	75%	75%	70%	75%	75%	70%	75%	75%	70%
\$2,000,001-	720	75%	75%	70%	75%	75%	70%	75%	75%	70%
	700	75%	75%	65%	75%	75%	65%	75%	75%	65%
\$2,500,000	680	70%	70%	65%	70%	70%	65%	70%	70%	65%
	660	65%	65%	65%	65%	65%	65%	65%	65%	65%



	Underwriting Specifications
Document Types	 Alt Doc income sources are: Alternative (Alt) Doc – Alternative verification of income for Self-Employed borrowers: Bank Statements (Personal, Co-mingled, or Business) P&L (+2 months bank statements) 1099 only Alternative (Alt) Doc – Alternative verification of income for Wage Earners: WVOE + Bank Statements (no paystubs or W-2s required) Asset Utilization – Allowable asset balances are used to calculate income Alt Doc income may be combined with other income sources that are documented as Standard or Limited Doc but not associated with self-employment, such as wage income from spouse or domestic partner:
Amortization Terms	Alt Doc income may be combined with rental income as per the Rental Income sections Fixed: 15, 30 ARMs: 30 Yr. 5/6, 7/6, 10/6 (Initial Fixed Period/Subsequent Adjustment Periods) I/O: 30 Yr. Fixed I/O (10 yr. I/O followed by 20 yr. amortization) 30 Yr. I/O 5/6, 7/6 ARMs (10 yr. I/O followed by 20 yr. amortization) See Guidelines for qualifying ARM and I/O payments
Interest Only	 FICO: Standard matrix restrictions apply Max 85% LTV
Loan Amount	• Min. \$100,000
Max LTV	 Per Matrix above Max 85% for 2-4 unit (or per matrix if lower) P&L only and WVOE Max 80% Condos – see Condo section below Interest only – Max 85% Declining Markets – subtract 5%



Determining LTV	Ownership Seasoning is from closing date of prior loan as per final CD/Settlement Statement to Note Date of new loan Purchase Use lesser of appraised value or purchase price Rate and Term/No Cash-Out Use current appraised value Cash-Out For properties owned < 12 months, LTV is calculated using the lesser of the original purchase price + documented improvements or the appraised value. Current value may be used with: Max LTV: Max LTV: Owner Occupied 75% Second Home or Investment 70%
Temporary Buydowns	Not allowed
Age of Documents	Age (in calendar days) at Note date: Credit: 120 Income: 120 Assets: 120 Appraisal: 360 (> 120 days requires 1004D Update within 120 days) VVOE (wage earner): 10 Self-Employed Business Existence: 20 HOA cert: 180 Flood cert: 120 A 10-day variance may be granted case by case to accommodate closing delays Prelim: 120 Age (in calendar days) at Application date: Income: 30 (if the document is used for current receipt or YTD amounts) Assets: 45 (monthly), 90 (quarterly)
Mortgage/Housing History	0x30x12
Minimum FICO	660
	Chapter 7/11– 48 months from discharge date to Note Date
Bankruptcy History	Chapter 13 – 48 months from filing date to Note date; must be discharged/dismissed min. 12 months
Foreclosure, Short Sale, Deed-in-Lieu, Pre- foreclosure Sale	48 months prior to Note date
Loan Mods/Payment Deferrals	Must be completed > 12 months prior to the Note Date
Forbearance	 If any payments were not made on time as per the Note during Forbearance, must be reinstated > 12 months prior to the Note Date If all payments were made on time as per the Note during Forbearance, no seasoning required Forbearance must be completed/reinstated



Judgements	 All judgments affecting title must be paid off Court ordered judgments not on title may be excluded if the borrower is currently in a repayment agreement with the creditor: A minimum of 3 months has elapsed, and timely payments have been made, AND the payment included in the DTI ratio 				
Liens	 All liens affecting title must be paid All income tax liens (federal, state, local) must be paid off at or prior to closing, unless: The borrower is on a payment plan, AND A minimum of 2 payments have been made, AND The account is current, AND The monthly payment is included in the DTI ratio Document with a copy of the Plan and payment history from lien holder, cancelled checks, or bank records to show payments made Refinance transactions require subordination agreement from the taxing authority and the balance must be included in the CLTV See guidelines regarding Past Due Federal Tax Liens not on a repayment plan 				
Multiple Derogatory Credit Events	Allowed so long as seasoning is met on each				
Collections/Charge-offs	2-4 Units, 2 nd nomes, and investments: • >= 24 months must be paid if > \$10,000 • < 24 months must be paid if > \$5000				
DTI	 All others must have the 5% payment applied as per above 50%, OR 55% with: Min residual income \$3500 Max 80% LTV/CLTV Primary Residence only unless 2 Yrs. Standard Doc Min 700 FICO only unless 2 Yrs. Standard Doc No FTHB Asset Utilization and FTHB: Max 45% Asset Utilization and < 12-month housing history: Max 43% 				
Residual Income	Residual Income is the amount of monthly income remaining once a borrower has paid all monthly debt obligations. Required for loans with DTI > 43% Calculation: Gross Monthly Income – Total Monthly Obligations included in DTI Minimum: DTI > 50%: \$3500, otherwise \$2500 + \$150/dependent				



	At least one borrower must have a valid score from at least 2 of the 3 agencies
	Use the middle of 3 scores or the lower of 2 scores for each borrower
	Use the Primary Wage Earner score for loan eligibility known as the Decision Credit Score, except for Asset
Credit Scores	Utilization/Depletion which uses the lowest score of all borrowers
	NOTE: income may not be manipulated and/or reduced to meet eligibility or pricing requirements
	When both borrowers are self-employed with equal ownership in a joint business, use the highest score
	among the borrowers
	Minimum Tradelines Not Required
	Minimum Tradelines are not required when the Primary Wage Earner has credit scores reporting from all 3
	credit bureaus (Transunion, Equifax, Experian)
	Minimum Tradelines Required (Above Not Met)
	Minimum Tradelines (must have activity in the last 12 months):
	3 opened or closed for a min.12 month, OR
	2 opened or closed for a min 24 months, OR
	1 mortgage or installment loan opened for a min. 12 months, OR
	All the following:
	8 tradelines, 1 must be mortgage or rental history
	1 tradeline open and reporting for a min. 12 months
	8 yr. established credit history
	Tradelines with recent serious adverse history not acceptable
Credit History	NOTE: A mortgage not reporting on credit may be used to meet a tradeline
	Unacceptable Tradelines:
	Collection accounts
	Charge-offs
	Foreclosures
	Deed-in-Lieu of foreclosures
	Short sales
	Pre-foreclosure Sales
	Accounts discharged through BK
	Accounts in deferment
	Accounts being paid through a chapter 13 Trustee
	Non-Traditional Credit as defined by FNMA
	Accounts on which borrower is not obligated
	Accounts on which borrower is not obligated Authorized User
	- Authorized osel



Rental Income	 Rental income from Subject Investment properties and Non-Subject properties may be used as qualifying income Rental income from the borrower's primary residence is ineligible unless it is a multi-unit property, and the rental income is derived from the non-owner-occupied unit(s) Rental income from an ADU is not allowed Short Term rentals are not allowed Documentation Alt Doc Subject Refinance or Non-Subject Properties Copy of the Lease for the rental property, AND Two months proof of receipt of the rental income (must be deposited into an account separate from any business account used to qualify); for departure residence one month + security deposit is acceptable Alt Doc Subject Purchase If property is rented and purchase contract indicates that the tenants will remain in the property: Executed Tenant Estoppel Letter and/or current Lease Agreement (Lease required if Estoppel contains insufficient information), OR If property is not currently rented or purchase contract does not indicate tenants will remain in the property and there is no assignment of lease:
Short-Term Rentals	Not Allowed
Cash In Hand	 Rate Term – lesser of 2% or \$5000 Cash Out - Unlimited
Refinance - Seasoning	Seasoning is measured from acquisition date of property per final CD/Settlement Statement to the Note date of the new loan Any Loan Purpose No seasoning required for properties recently acquired through inheritance or other legal process (e.g. divorce) Rate and Term/No Cash-Out Refinance At least one borrower must be on title at the time of the application For business entities, at least one eligible personal guarantor (see Closing in Business Entity section of guidelines) must have been a member/owner of the business entity at the time of the application Cash-Out If there has been a prior cash-out transaction within the past six (6) months of the Note date, the loan is ineligible for cash out. At least one borrower or one member/owner of the borrowing business entity must have owned the property for a minimum of 6 months For properties owned < 12 months, LTV is calculated using the lesser of the purchase price + documented improvement or the appraised value. Current value may be used when: ○ LTV is:



	,
	Excluding Mortgage Debt – Borrower is Cosigner/Coborrower
	The party making the payments must be obligated on the mortgage
	The borrower may not be using rental income from the property to qualify
	If the borrower is on title to the property, it must be included in the max financed properties, if applicable
	 Accounts must be 0*30 < 6 months
	Document with:
	 Copy of the Note or other definitive documentation to show the payee is obligated
	 Most recent (as of application date) 6 months proof the other party is making the payments
	(cancelled checks, bank records, etc)
	Excluding Non-Mortgage Debt
	 Includes: installment loans, student loans, revolving accounts, lease payments, alimony, child support, and
	separate maintenance
	The other party does not need to be obligated on the debt
	Transfer of ownership to the other party is not required, but if borrower is still an owner the property must
	be considered in max financed properties, if applicable
	 Accounts must be 0*30 < 6 months
	Document with:
Contingent Liabilities	 Most recent (as of application date) 6 months proof the other party is making the payments
contingent Liabilities	(cancelled checks, bank records, etc)
	Excluding Debt Awarded to Another Party via Court Order or Divorce/Separation
	Debt awarded to former spouse or other party via court order may be excluded from the DTI Ratio
	Document with:
	 Copy of the divorce decree, separation agreement or court order awarding the debt to the other
	party
	Excluding Debt Assumed by Another Party
	Debt assumed by another party with release of liability may be excluded from the DTI ratio
	Document with:
	 Copy of the Assumption Agreement and/or Release of Liability <u>document</u>
	<u>Business Debt</u>
	Business debt on the borrower's personal credit report must be included in the DTI ratio unless
	documentation is provided evidencing business pays the debt
	 Debt must be at least 6 months old as of application date and 0*30 < 6 months
	Document with:
	Tax Returns must reflect the business expense deduction
	Most recent (as of application date) 3 months proof payment made by business (cancelled checks,
	bank statements, other bank records, etc.)



First-Time Home Buyer	 A First Time Homebuyer is an individual that has not owned a home or been borrower on a mortgage in the 3-year period preceding the Application Date For multiple applicants, as long as one borrower is not a First Time Homebuyer, then any restrictions for First Time Homebuyer will not apply Borrowers with a documented 24-month rental payment history are NOT subject to First Time Homebuyer restrictions (institutional VOR or VOR with 24 months cancelled checks/bank statements/money order/etc. for private parties required) 0*30 12-month rental history required or: LTV may not exceed 80%, AND
	 DTI may not exceed 45% Any part of 12-month housing history must be 0*30 Maximum payment shock of 250% or minimum 6 months PITIA reserves required Primary Residence and 2nd Home only
Reserves	 Gold: <= \$1.5M: 6 months > \$1.5M: 9 months > \$2.5M: 12 months > 85% LTV: 12 months First Time Homebuyers: additional 6 months (may be waived case by case for borrowers with an otherwise strong credit profile) Departure Residence – using Rental Income: additional 3 months Foreign Nationals: additional 6 months Escrow waiver: minimum 12 months Reserves are based on the full PITIA payment, except for Interest Only, then based on the ITIA Assets used for income (unless a business bank statement used for bank statement income – see Asset section) or pledged as collateral may not be used for reserves Gift funds may not be used for reserves Cash out may be used to meet reserve requirements if: Loan amount <= \$1.5M and LTV <= 75% (65% for Foreign National) Loan amount >= \$1.5M and LTV <= 65% (60% for Foreign National) Not allowed for Asset Utilization
Gift Funds	 Allowed for any occupancy: Primary Residence and 2nd Home – no minimum borrower contribution, all funds to close may come from gift Investment Property – minimum 5% contribution from borrower's own funds for LTV > 75% Not allowed for WVOE program May not be used for reserves



Condominiums	 Warrantable: No LTV Restrictions Non-warrantable: Max 80% LTV/CLTV Florida – see guidelines Follow FNMA guidelines regarding Detached, 2-4 Unit, Limited, and Full Reviews Loans that do not meet FNMA guidelines are non-warrantable Allowable non-warrantable characteristics – see guidelines
Geographic	MS not allowed
Bank Statements: General	 Self-employed borrowers may qualify under Alt Doc using bank statements, in lieu of tax returns, to support self-employment income to qualify Tax returns are not required and should not be submitted; if submitted they will be used to qualify as a Full Doc loan 4506-C forms and transcripts are not required The primary wage-earner must be self-employed Borrower must have at least 20% ownership 2-year history of business ownership typically required Less than 2 yrs. but > 1 yr. self-employment can be considered with documentation of two-year prior employment history in the same line of work of profession The business structure or name may change within two years if the new business provides the same products and services as the current business (i.e. Sole prop. to LLC) Recent changes of ownership percentage must typically take place prior to the application date and will be reviewed case by case for acceptance. Documentation to support the change in ownership must be provided as applicable, such as: Corporate filing Share Purchase Agreement Operating Agreement Evidence of buy-out of shares
Bank Statements: Bank Statement Types	 Self-employed borrowers may qualify under Alt Doc using bank statements, in lieu of tax returns, to support self-employment income to qualify Tax returns are not required and should not be submitted; if submitted they will be used to qualify as a Full Doc loan 4506-C forms and transcripts are not required The primary wage-earner must be self-employed Borrower must have at least 20% ownership 2-year history of business ownership typically required Less than 2 yrs. but > 1 yr. self-employment can be considered with documentation of two-year prior employment history in the same line of work of profession The business structure or name may change within two years if the new business provides the same products and services as the current business (i.e. Sole prop. to LLC) Recent changes of ownership percentage must typically take place prior to the application date and will be reviewed case by case for acceptance. Documentation to support the change in ownership must be provided as applicable, such as: Corporate filing Share Purchase Agreement Operating Agreement Evidence of buy-out of shares



Bank Statements: Documentation	■ Borrower's ownership percentage and length of Self-employment must be documented with one or a combination of the following as needed: ■ Letter from licensed CPA/EA/CTEC (requires license verification) who filed or reviewed the borrower's tax returns or, considered case by case, would otherwise possess such knowledge (e.g. Corporate Accountant, Controller, Finance Manager, Treasurer) ■ Business Formation Documents (Articles of Incorporation/Organization, Bylaws, Charter, Articles of Association, Operating/Partnership Agreement) ➤ Any documents received must document that they have been filed properly with the state ➤ Operating Agreement/Partnership Agreement must reflect all member-ownership interest in the business ● On-line search of the Secretary of State's business entity database (must support documentation provided) ● Evidence of 2 yr. consecutive professional, regulatory (if applicable) or business licensure ● Other reasonable means evidencing % and length of ownership ● Business Narrative Form or equivalent ● Must be completed by the owner of the business or an arms-length employee of the business who would possess such knowledge (e.g. Corporate Accountant, Controller, Finance Manager, Treasurer) Bank Statements ● Provide 12- or 24-months consecutive statements depending on Income Type selected within 90 days of the Note date with all pages (including those without transaction information): ○ Cannot mix and match different bank accounts from month to month ○ Cannot be a transaction history print-out ○ Change in bank account requires proof the former account is no longer active, and activity must be consistent before and after the change ○ Bank Statements may be obtained from the borrower or a third-party asset vendor participating in the Fannie Mae Day 1 Certainty ○ Must reflect transfers to the personal account being used Personal Bank Statements not used for business perquire 2 months Business Bank Statements: ○ Must e
	 Signed and dated letter of explanation from borrower for any deposit > 50% of the average monthly sales of the business Underwriter may require additional documentation at their discretion to document the source of the deposit is business related Signed and dated letter of explanation from borrower for NSFs that exceed the allowable NSFs (see NSF
David Charles	 Active website marketing the company's goods or services with contact information, OR Other reasonable means indicating business is still open and operating An inconsistent or large deposit is any deposit exceeding 50% of the average monthly sales of the business Inconsistent or large deposits should be sourced or excluded from the analysis
Bank Statements: Large Deposits	Documentation: Signed and dated letter of explanation for deposit Additional documentation may be required



Bank Statements: Income	See Guidelines
Analysis and Calculation	• See Guidelines
Bank Statements: Foreign Income, Real Estate Investors, Ineligible Businesses/Accounts, NSFs	See Guidelines
Bank Statements: Expense Factor	An expense factor of 50% may be used without further documentation, however, if documentation is if supports a higher expense factor, then the higher factor must be used An expense factor of 20% may be used without further documentation provided all the following are true: Max 85% LTV Borrower is sole owner and operator of the business with no partner's or employees Business is a service business with no costs of goods, heavy machinery, etc. Business odes not require office space that would incur rent The Business Narrative Form should be used to assist with this determination Examples of service industry include: Consulting, Accounting, Legal, Therapy, Counseling, Financial Planning, Insurrance, Information Technology A lesser expense factor no lower than 10% may also be used if verified by alternate means A lesser expense factor should be consistent with the type of business as well as the revenue and expenses in the business bank statements: Example: A homebased sole practitioner consultant can be expected to have a lesser expense factor while a retail business that has a full staff of employees, a fleet of vehicles and relies heavily on inventory to generate income will have a higher expense factor A CPA/EA/CTEC prepared P&L or Expense Statement may be used to determine the lesser Expense Factor: A CPA/EA/CTEC prepared P&L or Expense Statement may be used to determine the lesser Expense Factor: A nexpense Statement must indicate the business expenses as a percentage of the gross annual sales/revenue: Use the Tax Preparer Attestation Form or equivalent P&L must be on Letterhead and include gross revenue and expenses: Durderwriter will divide the total expenses by the total revenue to determine the Expense Factor Poepreciation, depletion, amortization/casualty loss and salary paid to the borrower may be excluded as expenses Must over the same months as bank statements, minus any inconsistent deposits, must be greater than or no more than 20% below the sales/revenue reflected on the P&L Qua



	Permitted for self-employed borrowers with a minimum 25% ownership of the business
	Primary borrower must be self-employed
	 Income disclosed on the initial 1003 should be reviewed for consistency with the income calculated from the P&L statements:
	 Large deviations should be evaluated and may require a written explanation from the borrower regarding their business and the income they earn and/or additional documentation may be required Income calculated on the P&L that exceeds the income on the initial 1003 requires an exception Must be prepared by an individual with knowledge of the business sufficient to review or prepare a P&L
	statement
	o Examples are CPA, IRA Enrolled Agent (EA), a CTEC registered tax preparer, or a Tax Attorney. PTIN is
P&L Only: General	not allowed
	Business must be in existence for 2 yrs.
	Bank Statements must be provided to support P&L
	12- or 24- month options depending on income type selected
	 Bank Statements must be provided if the preparer did not prepare the borrower's tax returns
	 Expenses on the P&L must be reasonable for the industry
	Not-For-Profit entities are ineligible
	Additional documentation may be required to support the P&L when the same preparer has prepared P&L
	statements for multiple borrowers
	Min. FICO 600
	 Max LTV 80% (Otherwise follows Bank Statements LTV/FICO/Loan Amount restrictions on Matrix)



P&L	Statement
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- 12- or 24- month P&L statement representing total business sales and expenses for the period covered NOTE: In lieu of the last 12-months P&L, a YTD and prior year full 12 month P&L may be provided. In this case, income is calculated using the prior year P&L and the YTD P&L must be >= prior year or (the YTD is not averaged with the prior year) or the last 12 months P&L must be provided
- Confirmation the preparer completed or filed the most recent business tax return(s) and financial statements necessary to cover the period, OR if not prepared by:
 - Confirmation the preparer has reviewed the tax return(s) and financial statements necessary to cover the period
- Business bank statements for the most recent 2 months reflected on the P&L statement, AND
 - Deposits must support 80% of the monthly average sales/revenue reported on the P&L, AND
 - If the 80% is not met, additional bank statements may be provided until the 80% is met
- Ownership percentage and 2 yr. business existence must also be verified with the same documents listed under Bank Statement - Documentation
- Current/active license or certification for the preparer:
 - State CPA license number as verified by license or screenshot from state licensing authority
 - o IRS Enrolled Agent (EA) certification from IRS (e.g., screenshot of IRS web site)
 - o CTEC certification from California (e.g., screenshot of CTEC web site)
 - State Attorney license number as verified by license or screenshot from state licensing authority

Ownership Percentage and Length of Ownership

- Borrower's ownership percentage and length of self-employment must be documented with one or a combination (as needed) of the following:
 - Letter from licensed CPA/EA/CTEC (requires license verification) who filed or reviewed the borrower's tax returns or case-by-case, individuals who would otherwise possess such knowledge (e.g. Corporate Accountant, Controller, Finance Manager, Treasurer)
 - Business Formation Documents (Articles of Incorporation/Organization, Bylaws, Charter, Articles of Association, Operating/Partnership Agreement)
 - Any documents received must document that they have been filed properly with the state
 - Operating Agreement/Partnership Agreement must reflect all member-ownership interest in the business
 - On-line search of the Secretary of State's business entity database (must support documentation provided)
 - Evidence of 2 yr. consecutive professional, regulatory (if applicable) or business licensure
 - Bank statement from 24 or more months prior to note date reflecting activity
 - Other reasonable means evidencing % and length of ownership
- Business Narrative Form or equivalent
 - Must be completed by the owner of the business or an arms-length employee of the business who
 would possess such knowledge (e.g. Corporate Accountant, Controller, Finance Manager, Treasurer

Verification of Business Existence

- On-line business entity or license search dated within 20 calendar days of closing reflecting active status (must be provided if available), OR
- Active on-line phone listing of the business, OR
- Active website marketing the company's goods or services with contact information, OR
- Other reasonable means indicating business is still open and operating

P&L Only: Documentation



P&L Only: Income Calculation	Net income (Revenue minus Expenses) divided by the period multiplied by the borrower's ownership percentage The following may be added back to qualifying income calculation:			
1099 Only	See Guidelines			
WVOE + Bank Statements	See Guidelines			
Asset Utilization	See Guidelines			
Prepayment Penalties	 0-5 yr. pre-payment penalties available Not allowed in AK, KS, MI, MN, NM, OH, RI Not allowed on loans vested to individuals in IL and NJ Not allowed on loan amounts < \$278,204 in PA Only declining structures are allowed in MS 			
Appraisal				
Appraisal Requirements	 All real estate appraisals must be performed according to the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice (USPAP) All real estate appraisals must be performed according to Fannie Mae® guidelines, including Universal Appraisal Dataset (UAD) requirements (FNMA SSR required) All appraisals must comply with any requirement for higher priced mortgage loans (HPMLs), if applicable. All appraisals must comply with the Appraisal Independence Requirements The appraiser must not have a direct or indirect interest, financial or otherwise, in the property or in the transaction. Unless otherwise stated in this matrix, all Fannie Mae guidelines apply to appraisal process and value determination. Transferred Appraisals are allowed – see Appraisal Transfer Job Aid – for requirements Re-use of an Appraisal from a prior closed transaction not permitted unless Delayed Financing (see Delayed Financing section) or for a Rate and Term DSCR loan with the same borrower (cannot be a transferred Appraisal) Appraisers must be State Certified State Licensed and Trainees as sole appraiser are not permitted An unlicensed or uncertified appraiser who works as an employee or subcontractor of a certified appraiser may perform a significant amount of the appraisal if the appraisal report is signed by a certified appraiser and is acceptable under state law. A minimum of 1 Full Appraisal is required for every loan 			



 Loan Amount <= \$2M: 1 Full Appraisal CU Score <= 2.5 OR Enhanced Desk Review: CDA from Clear Capital ARR from Stewart Valuation Intelligence fka Pro Teck ARA from Computershare CCA from Consolidated Analytics No CU Score requires CDA When CDA Required: Use Appraised Value if CDA >= 90% of Appraised Value 	
 CU Score <= 2.5 OR Enhanced Desk Review: CDA from Clear Capital ARR from Stewart Valuation Intelligence fka Pro Teck ARA from Computershare CCA from Consolidated Analytics No CU Score requires CDA When CDA Required:	
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 ARA from Computershare CCA from Consolidated Analytics No CU Score requires CDA When CDA Required: Use Appraised Value if CDA >= 90% of Appraised Value 	
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➤ Use Appraised Value if CDA >= 90% of Appraised Value	
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Appraisal Review ➤ Use CDA Value if CDA < 90% of Appraised Value	
If the CDA does not support the value needed to qualify, a Field Review may be	ordered:
The Field Review typically supersedes the CDA, however, Underwriter	
consider both in evaluation	Silouid
o If the Field Review is not within 90% of the Appraised Value, use Field	Review value
or a 2 nd Appraisal may be ordered (follow 2 Full Appraisals section bel	
Loan Amount >= \$2M: 2 Full Appraisals required:	,
o 2nd Appraisal cannot be a transferred appraisal	
o 2 nd Appraisal must be ordered from a different company than the first Appraisal	
 Use the lower of the 2 values 	
 Only 1 1004D is required if both are "subject to," but "subject to" items from both Appra 	isals must be
addressed	
Appraisal must be dated within 365 days of the Note date.	
Recertification of value required if the appraisal is not dated within 120 days of the Note date	
 Recertifications of value (1004 Update) extend the Appraisal for 120 days: 	
 If the 1004D Update indicates that the property value has declined, a new appraisal is rec 	quired
Age of Appraisal o The original appraiser should complete the appraisal update; however, substitute appraisal	ers may be
used.	
 When updates are completed by substitute appraisers, the substitute appraiser must rev 	ew the
original appraisal and express an opinion about whether the original appraiser's opinion	of market
value was reasonable on the date of the original appraisal report	
 The file must be noted as to why the original appraiser was not used. 	
Declining Markets are determined by the appraisal	
Declining Markets • 5% LTV reduction	



	. Duril
	• Rural
	Live/Work condos
	Common Interest Apartments
	• Co-ops
	Manufactured/Mobile Homes (Modular acceptable per FNMA)
	Houseboat
	Geodesic Domes
	Earth/Berm Home
	Timeshares/Fractional Ownership
	Properties under construction
	Unique properties
	Theme Park/Resort Properties
	Properties used for cultivation, distribution, manufacture or sale of marijuana
	Boarding Houses/B&B
	Assisted Living/Continuing Care
	Properties on Native American land
	Working Farms, Ranches, Orchards (Hobby Farms allowed case by case)
	Agricultural Type properties (note: agricultural zoning in areas that are primarily residential is acceptable, so
	long as subject does not have agricultural use)
	• 5+ units
Ineligible Properties	Vacant Land
	Land Development Properties
	Properties without a full kitchen. A full kitchen must have at a minimum:
	o Refrigerator
	o Stove
	 Food storage and prep areas
	o Sink
	 External venting
	Properties without a bathroom
	See Condominium section for additional condo restrictions
	Properties not readily accessible by roads that meet local standards
	 Properties not suitable for year-round occupancy (regardless of location)
	Properties currently listed for sale
	Properties less than 500 sq. ft.
	Properties > 40 acres (see Lot Size section)
	• Condotels
	Leaseholds
	Short Term Rentals
	Group Homes
	Commercial Purposes (assisted living, day care, rehab, half-way houses)
	Mixed Use



Lot Size	Must be less than 40 acres
	Cannot be rural
	Properties > 10 acres <= 40 acres must meet the following:
	o Maximum land to value 35%
	No income producing attributes
	 > 20 acres must be 10% below max LTV/CLTV/HLTV
	 Hypothetical values excluding acreage above max not allowed
	Lot size must be typical for the area
	Properties currently listed for sale are ineligible
	Must be off the market for 6 months as of the application date, OR
Listed for Sale	 Must be off the market prior to the Note date and reduce the max LTV by 10%
	 LTV reduction may be waived with a 3 yr. pre-payment penalty (when allowed)
	Signed and dated letter of explanation required
	Primary or 2 nd Home
Log Homes	Max 80% LTV
	The appraisal should provide a reliable opinion of market value supported by at least 2 similar log home
	comparables
Escrow Holdback	Not allows
	C5 and C6 condition and Q6 quality not allowed
Property Condition	Incomplete items or conditions that that affect the health, safety, soundness or structural integrity of the
	property must be repaired/remedied prior to closing. Examples:
	Cracks or settlement in the foundation
	o Water seepage
	Active roof leaks
	 Curled or cupped roof shingles
	 Inadequate electrical service or plumbing
	o Broken Windows
	A 1004D completion report with photos must be provided to show the work has been completed